

Integrating Semantic Search,
Federated Search and
Biomedical Knowledge Base
Technologies for
Improved Services by Medical Libraries

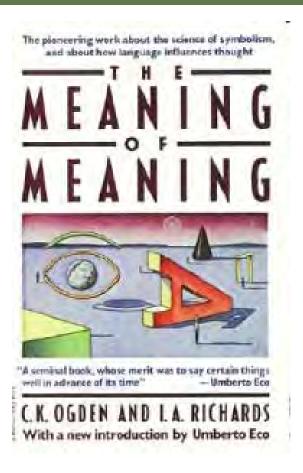
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Tamas Doszkocs, Ph.D.
Computer Scientist
doszkocs@nlm.nih.gov

"What is semantic search?"

or

The Meaning of Meaning



"He who knows does not speak, he who speaks does not know" Lao Tse

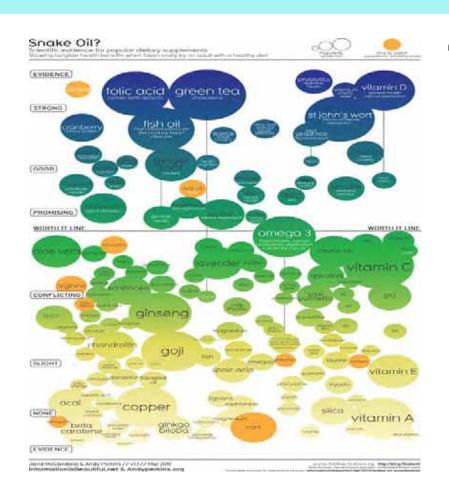
"It depends on what the meaning of the word 'is' is"

Bill Clinton

"the answer, my friend, is blowing in the wind"

Bob Dylan

What is semantic search?



'semantic search is a search or a question or an action that produces meaningful results, even when the retrieved items contain none of the query terms, or the search involves no query text at all "

(my definition)

Thinking of the Web

"Wholly new forms of encyclopedias will appear, ready made with a mesh of associative trails running through them, ready to be dropped into the MEMEX and there amplified"

Vannevar Bush "As We May Think" Atlantic Magazine

Trends in Searching 2009-2010

- The Web is the Memex
- Vertical Search
- Universal Search
- Discovery Search
- Social Search
- Real Time search
- Semantic Search
- Semantic Web

- Connected Mobility
- Focus on Consumers
- Information Democracy
 - Social content
 - Social search
 - Social interaction
- Information Monopolies
- manipulating text,
 context, meaning,
 Deople

Semantic Search Engines Mean Well

- A long history ...
- At a loss for words
- Ranking Results by Relevance
- Searching for Meaning
- Google and the Rest

- "Power to the People"
- "Pure" Semantic
 Search Engines
- Specialized
 Semantic Search
 Engines
- Demos

Semantic Searching: a long history

Libraries as Knowledge Bases

Librarians as Search Engines

The Web as the Knowledge Base

Search Engines as Librarians

Toward Meaning-Based Search

- Understanding content
- Understanding context
- Understanding people
- Semantic Search vs.
 The Semantic Web

- Meaningful results
- Web 1.0 linking pages
- Web 2.0 linking content and people
- **Web 3.0** linking data and people and applications
- Web 4.0 ¿
 inferences,
 conjectures, the
 pursuit of happiness
 ©?

Search Engines: at a loss for words

"In the beginning was the Word"

- WebCrawler (1994)
- AltaVista (1996)
- InfoSeek (1996)
- "bag of words"
- Stopwords
- Boolean logic
- No linguistics

- Meaningless function words?
 - "to be or not to be"
 - What is it all about?
 - Why me?
- Ignoring syntax
 - "state police" vs.
 - "police state"

Ranking Results by Relevance

"all animals are equal but some animals are more equal than others"



Science Citation Index

Eugene Garfield (1955, 1961)

Google Page Rank
Larry Page (1996)

Semantic Ranking
Colucci et al. (2006)

Searching for Meaning

the difference between "sciatica" the word and "sciatica" the pain

- understanding language
- polysemy
- synonymy
- intensions
- context
- disambiguation
- meaning
- personalization

- Natural Language Processing and contextual understanding in searching
- Semantic Resources
- Metacrawler (1994)
- **WebLine** (1994)
- NorthernLight (1996)
- TotalAccess (1999)
- AIIPIUS (2004)

Semantics in the Search Engines

- evolution by trial and error
- incremental gains
- internal research
- personalization
- mobilty
- Interactivity
- acquisitions
- competition
- Bingoogle

- Related Searches
- Categories
- Context
- Mashups
- Answers
- Timelines
- "Something different"
- Visualizations

Of the People By the People For the People

- web 2.0
- social content
- tagging
- folksonomies
- blogging
- tweeting
- chatroulette

- Community
- Creating
- Indexing
- Cataloging
- Searching
- Sharing

"Pure" Semantic Search Engines

- <u>semantics from the</u> <u>ground up</u>
- understanding the Web
 - people and their intent
 - content and quality
 - data and attributes
 - entities and relationships
 - Context and meaning
- creating
 - actionable information
 - dynamic applications

- meaningful search results
- better quality results
- better relevance
- better presented results
- better currency of results
- better tailored results
- better info streams
- better explore/discover
- better learning
- meaningful interactions

Specialized Semantic Search Engines

- domain knowledge
- matching people and needs
- improving diverse applications
 - <u>real time news</u>
 - finding jobs
 - <u>recommendations for movies,</u> <u>music, goods, etc.</u>
 - trend trackers
 - health
 - computable knowledge
 - semantic Facebook

- Semantic resources and tools
- Related searches/topics
- Related items
- Semantic mapping
- Semantic synthesis
- Semantic/linguistic annotations
- Clustered search
- Faceted search
- Answers

Semantic Search Engines for Health

- Rich Semantic
 Resources in
 Biomedicine
- Small Number of Important Facets
 - Diseases and conditions
 - Causes
 - Tests and diagnosis
 - Treatments and procedures
 - Drugs and side effects
 - Alternative medicine
 - Life style and prevention

- Participatory Medicine
- E-patients
- first, second and third opinions on and off the Web
 - Health Professionals
 - Friends
 - Family
 - The "long tail" of health concerns
- Informed Personal Health Decisions

Trusted Health Information is vital for

- dealing with health problems,
- promoting healthy behavior,
- making <u>healthy decisions</u> and
- -for overall well being
- However, as Mark Twain put it:
 Be careful of reading health books.
 You may die of a misprint!

examples of health search engines with Semantic Search Capabilities

HealthLine

- o uses own taxonomy of > 250,000 health terms
- o thousands of Indian doctors and pharmacists

o http://www.everydayhealth.com/

- Meta-data clusters
- Topical clusters
- Second most popular site after WebMD

- http://righthealth.com/

- o federated search engine
- o taxonomy of several million nodes
- o organized into a graph by
- o using a combination of human operators and algorithms

o http://MedStory.com

- o high-level categorizations or popular URLs
- o Purchased by Microsoft
- o http://health.msn.com

examples of health search engines with Semantic Search Capabilities

- http://www.semanticmedline.com/
 - Semantic NLP "understands" word and phrase meanings within context
- http://skr3.nlm.nih.gov/SemMedDemo/
 - Research prototype
 - summarizes MEDLINE citations returned by a PubMed search
 - Natural language processing is used to analyze salient content
- http://healthbase.netbase.com/
 - · Based on language understanding
 - Surfaces facts, events, behaviors and connections among them"
 - combines classical keyword-based Web search with text-mining and ontologies
- http://healthmash.com/
 - Best-of-class semantic search engine
 - Powered by an automatically generated
 - Health Knowledge Base

the best health search engines

offer information that is

- »Reliable
- »Relevant,
- »Recent and
- »Related meaningfully to the search topic or user action

HealthMash

anatomy of a semantic health search and discovery engine

- ohttp://healthmash.com/ is an innovative next generation semantic health search engine, currently in public beta
- HealthMash developers have been working on NLM and NIH
 R & D projects for over 5 years
- O HealthMash utilizes a pragmatic mix of natural language processing tools, semantic engineering techniques and multiple knowledge sources, including a proprietary Health Knowledge Base, to achieve both high precision and relevancy in its search results

HealthMash Demo



The Explore and Discover data comes from the

Health Knowledge Base

- o The *Health Knowledge Base* is <u>automatically generated</u> from <u>trusted</u> <u>health content</u> sites and <u>diverse knowledge sources</u>, such as **MeSH**_and **UMLS**. HealthMash also utilizes the **Web** itself as a **data base**.
- o The *Health Knowledge Base* contains explicit knowledge about
 - Health Concerns, Causes, Signs and Symptom, Tests, Procedures, Treatments, Drugs and Substances and Alternative, Complementary and Integrative Medicine
- o The Health Knowledge Base is available via a web service API
- The Health Knowledge Base facilitates exploration and discovery

UMLS: Strengths, Weaknesses and Potential

- MeSH vs. UMLS Scale
- Missing concepts
 - Aichmophobia; pca3 test
- Missing semantic types
 - Alternative and complementary medicine
- Missing NLM applications):
- Robust R&D: NLM Semantic MEDLINE

Semantic Knowledge Bases and Tools in HealthMash

- Semantic knowledge sources utilized by HealthMash
 - MESH (the Medical Subject Headings Thesaurus of the NLM) ,
 - <u>UMLS</u> (the <u>Unified Medical Language System</u> of NLM/NIH) and other semantic data repositories and
 - The Web as a knowledge base
 - The Health Knowledge Base
 - the Health Knowledge Base is the most important semantic resource in HealthMash
- Proprietary <u>Natural Language Processing</u> tools
 - Lexical/morphological and orthographic tools
 - Syntactic tools and
 - Semantic tools

behind the scenes in **Explore and Discover**

- Semantic Engineering
- Heuristics
- Proprietary Semantic Knowledge Base
- Proprietary Semantic Search Algorithms
- Proprietary Semantic Ranking

HealthMash utilizes the following NLP resources (these tools can also be <u>licensed</u>)

- PolyDictionary (English, medical and scientific dictionary)
- PolySpell (English, medical and scientific spell checkers)
- PolyTagger (part-of-speech tagger)
- PolyPhraser (phrase parser)
- PolySearch (intelligent concept search engine)
- PolyCluster (search result clustering engine)
- PolyMeta (federated search and discovery engine)

Putting it all together

- the automatically generated and automatically enhanced Health Knowledge Base is the key valueadded semantic component of <u>HealthMash</u>
- the proprietary semantic search, semantic processing and semantic ranking technologies utilized in HealthMash contribute to better search results
- HealthMash can be integrated into any search engine via a web service (or API)

IN SUMMARY

HealthMash combines vertical semantic search of Trusted Health Information, mashups (Health News, Videos etc), Semantic Relations in context for Exploration and Discovery and Table of Contents and Topic Clusters for drill down in search results and dynamic query modification

Semantic Knowledge: HealthMash



Semantic Knowledge: MedStory



Semantic Knowledge: Google Health



Search Trends

People who searched for Warts also searched for:

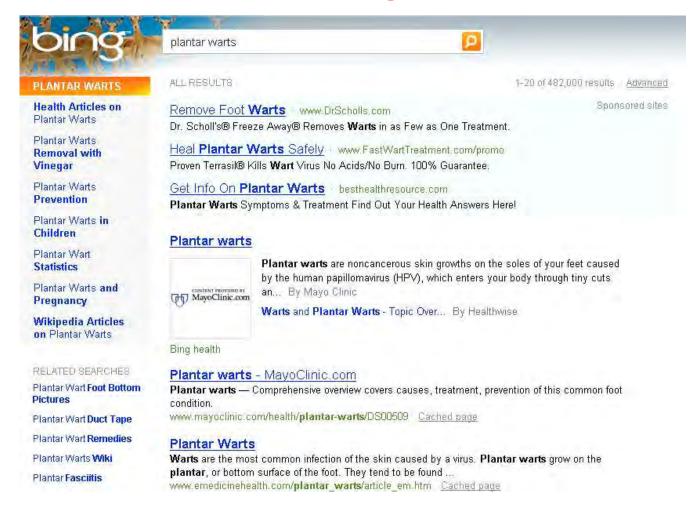
Conditions

- genital warts
- 2. human papillomavirus infection
- plantar warts
- 4. acute lymphocytic leukemia
- 5. pregnancy
- 6. moles
- 7. infection
- 8. acne

Symptoms

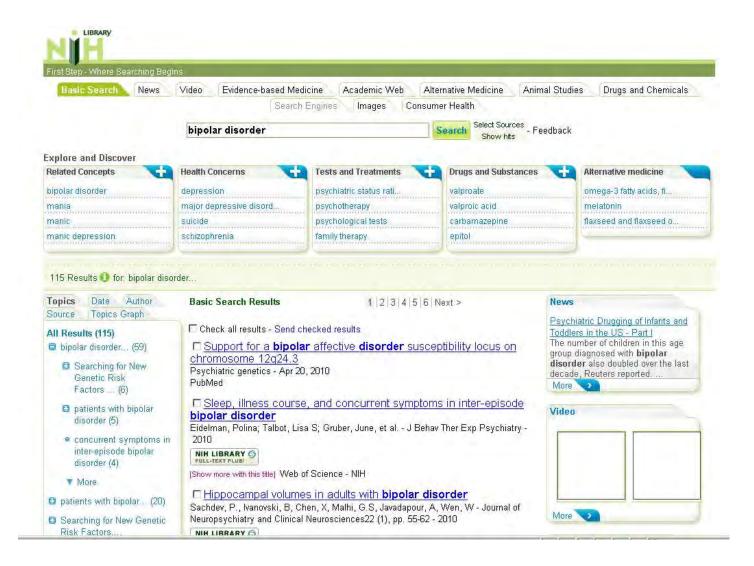
- headache
- weight loss
- 3. fever
- 4. cough
- fatique
- back pain
- 7. sore throat
- 8. diarrhea

Semantic Knowledge: Bing



Integrating the Health Knowledge Base

via a web service into a search or federated search application



Distributing content, search and librarians

- From ad hoc medicine to evidence based medicine to translational medicine to personalized medicine
- From point of need to point of care
- The <u>NIH Clinical Center</u> WebLib Federated Search application
- The <u>Welsh Medical Library</u> at Johns Hopkins University

Next Steps for HealthMash and the Health Knowledge Base

- implement comprehensive semantic search
- expand the Health Knowledge Base
 - approximately 60,000 concepts in consumer health
 - millions of relationships in context
- into a Biomedical Knowledge Base
 - more 4,000,000 concepts
 - tens of millions of relationships in context
 - tens of millions of semantic triples and n-tuples
 - Inferencing and question answering
- from data to information to knowledge to wisdom
- leverage the wisdom of health professionals, the wisdom of patients, the wisdom of the masses and the wisdom of the ages

Improved health information services

- Libraries as Knowledge Bases
- Librarians as Search Engines
- The Web as the Knowledge Base
- Search Engines as Librarians
- Librarians as Personal Information Trainers and Team Coaches

so **Semantic search** is what semantic technologies can do today

but



what the ...

is

semantics ?

Professor Irwin Corey explains

Professor Irwin Corey at the Cutting Room NYC



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